Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	654	(transform\$40 conver\$40) with ((www web) near4 (page\$2 document\$2))	USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/01/26 15:08
L2	509	@ad<"20010130" and I1	USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/01/26 15:09
L3	200	"709"/\$.ccls. and 2	USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/01/26 15:09
L4	345170	search\$40 query\$40 request\$40	USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/01/26 15:09
L5	1263349	content format\$5	USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/01/26 15:10
L6	7087	4 same ((www web) near4 (page\$2 document\$2))	USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/01/26 15:10
L7	461	1 and 6	USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/01/26 15:10
L8	161	7 and 3	USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/01/26 15:10
L9	89928	conver\$40 with 5	USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/01/26 15:11
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 <and>(page<in>metadata)
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- #3 (((transform\$<in>metadata) <and>(web<in>metadata)) <and>(page<in>metadata)
- #4 ((transform\$<in>metadata) <and>(web<in>metadata)) <and>(page<in>metadata)
- #5 (((transform\$<in>metadata) <and>(web<in>metadata)) <and>(page<in>metadata)
- #6 ((transform\$<in>metadata) <and>(web<in>metadata)) <and>(page<in>metadata)
- #7 ((((search <paragraph> (web <sentence> page)) and ((transform\$ or conver\$) <phrase> (content or data or format or document or page)))<in>metadata)) <and> (pyr >= 1951 <and> pyr <= 2000)
- #8 (((conver\$ <paragraph> format) and (web <sentence> (page or document)))<in>metadata)
- #9 ((((transform\$ <paragraph> format) and (web <sentence> (page or document)))<in>metadata)
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Transformation of web event sequences for analysis of us operation

Nakajima, A. Aoki, Y.

Res. Lab., IBM Japan Ltd., Tokyo, Japan;

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Location: Tokyo

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Posted online: 2002-08-06 22:55:58.0

Abstract

This paper describes a method for **transforming** a user's **Web** operation sequence. The ruser's **Web** operation recorded as a sequence of events, and **transforms** the recorded everent sequence suited for later analysis. The types of events include mouse movement, U selection, text input to a form, window scrolling, and window sizing. The recorded data are sequence of events, and contents are separately stored in a **Web** server in a normal way, sequence can be played with a **Web** browser. There are two major ways for analyzing the One way is analysis by a human who looks at the automatic playback. The other way is an In both ways, transformation of an event sequence is required for effective analysis. The r provides three kinds of transformation; (i) changing a sequence of **Web pages** so that a transformed time becomes a standard time for the **page**, (iii) inserting a **page** with no operecorded sequence when the **page** was not accessed in a user's operation and the **page** standard sequence

Index Terms Inspec

Controlled Indexing

graphical user interfaces information resources search engines

Non-controlled Indexing

<u>URL transition</u> <u>Web server mouse movement recorded event sequence user operation web event sequences transformation window scrolling</u>

Author Keywords

Not Available

References

No references available on IEEE Xplore.

Citing Documents

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IEEEXplore# Transformation of web event sequences for analysis of users' Web operation Page 2 of 2

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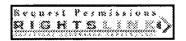
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The SUDA project: collaborative Web-based translation

Finkel, R.A. Scaife, R. Huar-En Ng

Dept. of Comput. Sci., Kentucky Univ., Lexington, KY, USA;

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Abstract

SOL (Suda On Line) is a collaborative Internet-based project involving dozens of research Suda, a 10th-century Byzantine Greek historical encyclopedia, into a searchable electroni translation. The text will include SGML tags to delimit content such as personal names, pland will also contain bibliographic and other references, many of which will be hypertext likelsewhere. SOL allows us to identify translators, establish editorial control, allocate encycl translators, accept translations, have translators modify their accepted translations, have translations, present texts with Greek and English components, present overall translation searches

Index Terms

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encyclopaedias groupware history hypermedia information resources langu translation multimedia computing page description languages

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DataStarWeb

Documents



DataStar-Documents

Table of Contents

Inspec – 1969 to date (INZZ)	
Interactively restructuring HTML documents	
	•••
Search strategy	

Interactively restructuring HTML documents.

USPTO Full lead Reduced Options

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Conference information

Fifth International World Wide Web Conference, Paris, France, 6-10 May 1996.

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Computer Networks and ISDN Systems, {Comput-Netw-ISDN-Syst-Netherlands }, May 1996, vol. 28, no. 7-11, p. 1075-84, 19 refs, CODEN: CNISE9, ISSN: 0169-7552.

Publisher: Elsevier, Netherlands.

Author(s)

Bonhomme-S, Roisin-C.

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Bonhomme, S., Inst. Nat. de Recherche en Inf. et Autom., Montbonnot Saint Martin, France.

Abstract

When editing World Wide **Web** pages, a user may desire to **transform** the documents as freely as with a word processor, but because **Web** documents must conform to a rigorous structure, defined by the HTML (HyperText Markup Language) document type definition (DTD), not all **transformations** are allowed, and the editing system must perform some work to obtain valid HTML documents. This paper presents a solution to the problem of **transforming** the document structure in a HTML editor. A tool based on a **transformation** language is described. Techniques that have been designed for general structured documents have been adapted to take into account the specific structure of the HTML DTD.

Descriptors

DOCUMENT-HANDLING; HYPERMEDIA; INTERACTIVE-SYSTEMS; INTERNET; *PAGE*-DESCRIPTION-LANGUAGES; TEXT-EDITING.

Classification codes

C6130D Document-processing-techniques*;

C6130M Multimedia;

C6140D High-level-languages;

C6150N Distributed-systems-software.

Keywords

interactive-document-restructuring; HTML-documents; *World-Wide-Web-page-editing;* Hypertext-Markup-Language; document-type-definition; *document-transformations; transformation-language;* structured-editing; cut-and-paste.

Treatment codes

P Practical.

Language

English.

Publication type

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Search strategy

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